

A0A

Common Data Set 2016-2017

A. General Information

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Are your responses to the CDS p	osted for r	reference on your institution's Web site?	
Yes	No		
X			
If yes, please provide the URL of	the corres	sponding Web page:	
http://www.ir.colostate.edu/data-reports/fact-publications/common-data-set/			

We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.

Α1 Α1 **Address Information** Name of College/University: Α1 Colorado State University Mailing Address: Α1 Α1 City/State/Zip/Country: Fort Collins, CO 80523-1004 USA Street Address (if different): Α1 City/State/Zip/Country: Α1 Main Phone Number: 970.491.1101 Α1 WWW Home Page Address: http://www.colostate.edu/ Α1 Α1 Admissions Phone Number: 970.491.6909 Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun **A1** N/A Admissions Office Mailing Addres 1062 Campus Delivery Α1 Α1 City/State/Zip/Country: Fort Collins, CO 80523-1062 USA Α1 Admissions Fax Number: 970.491.7799 Α1 Admissions E-mail Address: admissions@colostate.edu http://admissions.colostate.edu/apply/ If there is a separate URL for Α1 your school's online application, please specify: If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:

A2 Source of institutional control

	(Check only one):	
۱2	Public	Χ
۱2	Private (nonprofit)	
	Proprietary	

A3
A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:
A3 Coeducational college X

A3	Coeducational college	Χ
A3	Men's college	
	Women's college	

A4		
Α4	Academic year calendar:	
Α4	Semester	Х
Α4	Quarter	
Α4	Trimester	
Α4	4-1-4	
Α4	Continuous	
	Differs by program (describe):	
A4		
	Other (describe):	

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Α5

Degrees offered by your institution:

Α5		
Α5	Certificate	
Α5	Diploma	
Α5	Associate	
Α5	Transfer Associate	
Α5	Terminal Associate	
Α5	Bachelor's	Х
Α5	Postbachelor's certificate	Х
Α5	Master's	Х
Α5	Post-master's certificate	
Α5	Doctoral degree	Х
	research/scholarship	^
Α5	Doctoral degree –	Х
	professional practice	^
	Doctoral degree other	

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B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1 Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

B1		FULI	L-TIME	PART	-TIME
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	2,159	2,753	26	18
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	926	653	77	51
B1	All other degree-seeking	7,706	7,899	826	674
B1	Total degree-seeking	10,791	11,305	929	743
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	234	663	431	592
B1	Total undergraduates	11,025	11,968	1,360	1,335
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	520	745	63	46
B1	All other degree-seeking	651	980	836	688
B1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses	115	160	1329	1237
B1	Total graduate	1286	1885	2228	1971
B1	Total all undergraduates	•	•		25,688
B1	Total all graduate				7,370
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS				33,058

Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

B2 Degree-Seeking Total Degree-Seeking Undergraduates Undergraduates First-Time (include first-time (both degree- and First Year first-year) non-degree-seeking) Nonresident aliens 86 951 980 **B2** 708 2,819 3,013 Hispanic/Latino B₂ Black or African American, non-Hispanic 132 613 **B2** 553 3,582 **B2** White, non-Hispanic 17,202 18,583 B2 American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic 22 118 128 Asian, non-Hispanic 148 608 689 B2 **B2** Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-33 Hispanic 6 36 203 742 820 **B2** Two or more races, non-Hispanic 742 **B2** Race and/or ethnicity unknown 69 826 4,956 23,768 25,688 B2 TOTAL

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016

B 3	Certificate/diploma	
B 3	Associate degrees	
B3	Bachelor's degrees	4,995
B3	Postbachelor's certificates	28
B 3	Master's degrees	1,774
B 3	Post-Master's certificates	
B3	Doctoral degrees –	
	research/scholarship	249
B3	Doctoral degrees – professional	
	practice	130
В3	Doctoral degrees – other	

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Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2015 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2010 cohort if available. If Fall 2010 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2009 cohort.

Fall 2010 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2010. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2010.

В4	Initial 2010 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	4,369
В5	Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	3
В6	Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	4,366
В7	Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2014):	1,830
В8	Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2014 and by August 31, 2015):	940
В9	Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2015 and by August 31, 2016):	147
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	2,917
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2010 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	67%

Fall 2009 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2009. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2009.

B4	Initial 2008 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	
	undergraduate students; total all students:	4,203
B5	Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	8
В6	Final 2009 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	4,195
В7	Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2013):	1,730
В8	Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014):	935
В9	Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014):	474
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	2,836
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2009 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	68%

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For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2013 cohort if available. If 2013 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2012 cohort.

2013 Cohort

B12	Initial 2013 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	·

2012 Cohort

B12	Initial 2012 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid	
	service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable	
	exclusions:	
B14	Final 2012 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from	
	question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of	
	normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2015 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2014 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2016?	86.20%

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C1

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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2016. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	9759
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	12000
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	7399
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	9564
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	2159
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	26
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	2753

Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?		Х
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2016 admissions:		_
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list		
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted		
		Yes	No
C2	Is your waiting list ranked?		
C2	If yes, do you release that information to students?		
C2	Do you release that information to school counselors?		

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

Co	High school completion requirement	
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	Y
	accepted	^
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C4	Require	Χ
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units
		Required	Recommended
C5	Total academic units	17	18
C5	English	4	4
C5	Mathematics	4	4
C5	Science	3	3
C5	Of these, units that must be lab	2	2
C5	Foreign language	1	2
C5	Social studies	2	2
C5	History	1	1
C5	Academic electives	2	2
C5	Computer Science		
C5	Visual/Performing Arts		
C5	Other (specify)		



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_		•	_		
ĸ	2010	tor	~ C	lectio	n

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain):	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

C7	degree-seeking (iresililari) adi	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
C7	Academic		•		
C7	Rigor of secondary school	Х			
	record	^			
C7	Class rank		Χ		
C7	Academic GPA	X			
C7	Standardized test scores		Χ		
C7	Application Essay		Χ		
C7	Recommendation(s)		X		
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview				Χ
C7	Extracurricular activities			X	
C7	Talent/ability			X	
C7	Character/personal qualities			X	
C7	First generation			X	
C7	Alumni/ae relation			X	
C7	Geographical residence			X	
C7	State residency				Χ
C7	Religious				X
	affiliation/commitment				
C7	Racial/ethnic status				Χ
C7	Volunteer work			X	
C7	Work experience			X	
C7	Level of applicant's interest				Χ

SAT and ACT Policies

C8	Entrance	exams

C8A Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking X			Yes	No
scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking X	C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test		
		scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking	X	
applicants?		applicants?		

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2018.

C8A				ADMISSION		
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if	Not Used
					Submitted	
	SAT or ACT	X				
C8A	ACT only					
C8A	SAT only					
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or					X
	ACT					
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only					X

C8B	If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for
	Fall 2018, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the
	admissions process):

aarriioc	iono processoj.	
C8B ACT w	th writing required	
C8B ACT w	th writing recommended	
C8B ACT w	th or without writing accepted	Χ

C8B If your institution will make use of the SAT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants



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Χ

X

Χ

X

Х

for Fall 2018 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (reg in the admissions process: C8B SAT with Essay component required C8B SAT with Essay component recommended		e Essay score will be ι
C8B SAT with or without Essay component accepted	X	
CSC Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing CSC	component; check all	that apply: ACT essay
C8C For admission		
For placement		
S8C For advising		
In place of an application essay		
80		
As a validity check on the application essay		
RC No college policy as of now		
8C Not using essay component	Х	Χ
In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for acade Yes No X	demic advising?	
Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-	May 1	
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	N/A	
CSF If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests	are recommended for	some students, or if

State Exam (specify):	
Freshman Profile	

C8G SAT Subject Tests

C8G Institutional Exam

C8G SAT

C8G ACT

C8G AP

C8G

C8G CLEP

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2016, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2016 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. Do convert New SAT scores (2016) to Old SAT scores using the College Board's concordance tools and tables (sat.org/concordance).

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	24% Number submitting SAT scores	1168
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	88% Number submitting ACT scores	4341

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT Critical Reading	510	620
C9	SAT Math	510	630
	SAT Writing		
	SAT Essay		
C9	ACT Composite	23	28
C9	ACT Math	22	28
C9	ACT English	22	28
C9	ACT Writing		



C9	Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:				
C9		SAT Critical			
		Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing	
C9	700-800	6.33%	6.08%		
C9	600-699	31.34%	32.87%		
C9	500-599	42.64%	43.41%		
C9	400-499	18.32%	16.78%		
C9	300-399	1.37%	0.86%		
C9	200-299	0.00%	0.00%		
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	0.00%	
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math	
C9	30-36	13.82%	18.34%	10.46%	
C9	24-29	51.19%	41.93%	51.67%	
C9	18-23	33.93%	35.54%	31.72%	
C9	12-17	1.06%	4.19%	6.15%	
C9	6-11	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
C9	Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
C10	Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high sch				

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	21%	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	48%	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	83%	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	17%	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	2%	
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high	n school	
	class rank:		68%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school gradepoint averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	39.88%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	22.56%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	14.01%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	15.53%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	7.82%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	0.20%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%

Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.61
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	99.92%

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

C13		Yes	No
	Does your institution have an application fee?	Х	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$50.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	X	

C13	If you have	an application	fee and an	on-line ap	plication o	ption

C13 Same fee:

C13 Free: C13 Reduced: X

C13	Yes	No

C13 Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with

C14 Application closing date
C14 Does your institution have an

application closing date?

financial need?

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH, PLANNING AND EFFECTIVENESS

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No

Χ

Yes

Χ

	Application closing date (fall):	May 1			
C14	Priority date:	Feb 1			
C4E				Van	Na
C15	Are first-time, first-year student	s accomtad for to	rms other than	Yes X	No
CIS	the fall?	is accepted for te	rins other than	^	
	the fail:				
C16	Notification to applicants of add	mission decision	sent (fill in one on	[/v)	
	On a rolling basis beginning			.97	
	(date):	Sep 15			
C16	By (date):	•			
C16	Other:				
	Reply policy for admitted applic	cants (fill in one or	nly) I		
	Must reply by (date):				
_	No set date:				
CII	Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified	2			
	thereafter	2			
C17	Other:				
C17	Deadline for housing deposit (MM	I/DD):			
	Amount of housing deposit:		350.00		
-	Refundable if student does not er	roll?			
C17	Yes, in full	.,			
C17	Yes, in part	X			
C17	No				
C18	Deferred admission				
C18				Yes	No
	Does your institution allow studen	ts to postpone enr	ollment after	.,	
	admission?			Х	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postpo	nement:	1 year		
	Early admission of high school	students			
C19	Dogo your institution allow high as	abool atudonta to a	nroll on full time	Yes	No
CIS	Does your institution allow high so first-time, first-year (freshman) stu				V
	school graduation?	acino one year or	more before night		X
C20	Common Application	Question removed f	rom CDS.	(Initiated during 200	06-2007 cycle)
	••				• •
	Early Decision and Early A	Action Plans			
C21	Early Decision				
C21				Yes	No
C21	Does your institution offer an early				
	that permits students to apply and				V
	decision well in advance of the re students to commit to attending if	0			X
	(freshman) applicants for fall enro		tillie, ilisi-yeai		
C21	If "yes," please complete the follow			<u> </u>	
	First or only early decision plan cl				
	First or only early decision plan no				
C21	Other early decision plan closing	date			
	Other early decision plan notificat				
C21	For the Fall 2016 entering class	:			



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C21	Number of early decision applications received by your institution	İ
C21	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	İ
C21	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:	

C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	Х	
	16 " " 1		

C22	If "yes," please complete the following:	
C22	Early action closing date	Dec 1
C22	Early action notification date	Feb 1

C22 Is your early action plan a "i	restrictive" plan under which	you limit students from applying	to other early plans?

C22	Yes	No
C22		Χ

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no,		
	please skip to Section E)	^	
D1	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing		
	credit by transferring credits earned from course work	X	
	completed at other colleges/universities?		

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2016.

D2		Applicants	Admitted	Enrolled
		Applicants	Applicants	Applicants
D2	Men	2,445	1,461	895
D2	Women	2,242	1,375	779
D2	Total	4,687	2,836	1,674

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	X
D3	Winter	
D3	Spring	X
D3	Summer	X

D4		Yes	No
	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of		
	credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	X	
	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	Any college creater HS g	

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript	X				
D5	College transcript(s)	X				
D5	Essay or personal					Х
	statement					
D5	Interview					X
D5	Standardized test scores				X	
	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					Х

D6 If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

D7 If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

All transfer applicants must demonstrate HS graduation or equivalent, and the final high school transcript is the most common document used to satisfy this requirement. For transfer applicants with fewer than 30 post-HS college credits, the final high school transcript is reviewed as part of the admission decision. All transfer applicant must meet the admission requirement in mathematics, regardless of the number of credits completed (see admissions website for details).

Students holding an Associate of Arts or an Associate of Sciences Degree from an accredited Colorado institution are guaranteed admission provided that it is the last institution attended and that a cumulative 2.0 GPA has been achieved from all institutions attended. Specific majors may require additional course work and a higher GPA. The AA/AS must have been completed after high school graduation/GED.

D9 List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

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D17 Describe other transfer credit policies:

INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH, PLANNING AND EFFECTIVENESS

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D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	Feb 1	June 1			Х
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring		Nov 1			Χ
D9	Summer		May 1			X
D10				Yes	No	
D10	Does an open admission potransfer students?	licy, if reported,	apply to		Х	
D11	Describe additional requiren	nents for transfe	r admission, if a	applicable:		
	T (O P. D . P					
D 40	Transfer Credit Policie					
D12	Report the lowest grade ear	ned for any cou	rse that may be	C-		
	transferred for credit:					
D13				Number	Unit Type	
D13	Maximum number of credits	or courses that	may be	64	Semester	
	transferred from a two-year	institution:		04	Credits	
D14				Number	Unit Type	
D14	Maximum number of credits	or courses that	may be		J	
	transferred from a four-year	institution:				
D15	Minimum number of credits		•	N/A		
	your institution to earn an as	ssociate degree:	:			
D16	Minimum number of credits	that transfers m	ust complete at			
	your institution to earn a bac		p	30		

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E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

51 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	Х
E1	Cooperative education program	Х
E1	Cross-registration	
E1	Distance learning	Х
E1	Double major	X
E1	Dual enrollment	X
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	Х
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	X
E1	Independent study	X
E1	Internships	Х
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	X
E1	Student-designed major	
E1	Study abroad	Х
E1	Teacher certification program	X
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course

work prior to graduation:

E 3	Arts/fine arts	Х
E 3	Computer literacy	
E3	English (including composition)	X
E 3	Foreign languages	
E 3	History	X
E3	Humanities	X
E 3	Mathematics	X
E 3	Philosophy	
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	X
E 3	Social science	X
E 3	Other (describe):	X
	Global and Cultural Awareness	

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

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F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2016 who fit the following categories:

	•		
F1		First-time, first-year	
		(freshman)	Undergraduates
		students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	31%	23%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	7%	9%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	11%	13%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	95%	29%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	5%	71%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	8%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18.1	20.5
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18.1	20.8

F2 Activities offered Identify those <u>progra</u>ms available at your institution.

F2	Activities offered Identify those	progra
F2	Campus Ministries	Χ
F2	Choral groups	Χ
F2	Concert band	Х
F2	Dance	Х
F2	Drama/theater	Х
F2	International Student	Х
	Organization	^
F2	Jazz band	Х
F2	Literary magazine	Х
F2	Marching band	Χ
F2	Model UN	
F2	Music ensembles	Χ
F2	Musical theater	Χ
F2	Opera	Χ
F2	Pep band	Χ
F2	Radio station	Χ
F2	Student government	Χ
F2	Student newspaper	Χ
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	Χ
F2	Television station	Χ
F2	Yearbook	
	•	

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

. •	te te (program onorda in ocoporation man recocire omicore maining ocipe)			
F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:	Χ		
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:			
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:	Χ		

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

	undergraduates at your institution.			
F4	Coed dorms	Χ		
F4	Men's dorms			
F4	Women's dorms			
F4	Apartments for married students	Х		
F4	Apartments for single students	Χ		
F4	Special housing for disabled students	Χ		
F4	Special housing for international students			
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	Χ		
F4	Cooperative housing			
F4	Theme housing	Χ		
F4	Wellness housing	Χ		
F4	Other housing options (specify):	Χ		

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G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

Provide 2017-2018 academic year	costs of attendance	for the following	categories that are
applicable to your institution.			

ı	Check here if your institution's 2017-2018 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this
	time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2017-2018 academic
I	year costs of attendance will be available:

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2017-2018 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1		First-Year	Undergraduates
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:	N/A	N/A
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:		
	In-district	N/A	N/A
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-state (out-of-district):	\$8,716	\$8,716
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Out-of-state:	\$26,010	\$26,010
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS		
	Tuition:	\$26,010	\$26,010
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	\$2,336	\$2,336
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:	*	*
	(on-campus)	\$11,110	\$11,110
G1	ROOM ONLY:	* =	*
	(on-campus)	\$5,416	\$5,416
G1	BOARD ONLY:	.	.
	(on-campus meal plan)	\$5,694	\$5,694
	[a		
G1	Comprehensive tuition and room and	` '	
	college cannot provide separate tuiti	on and room and	
	board fees):		

G1 Other:

G2		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the		
	stated full-time tuition	12	20

G3		Yes	No
	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, iunior, senior)?	Х	

G4		Yes	No
G4	Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?	Х	
G4		%	
G4	If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?	54%	

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G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters	Commuters
			(living at home)	(not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies	\$1,200	\$1,200	\$1,200
G5	Room only			\$6,138
G5	Board only			\$3,555
G5	Room and board total (if your			
	college cannot provide separate			
	room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation	\$900	\$900	\$900
G5	Other expenses	\$1,360	\$1,360	\$1,360

G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-district:	\$395.90	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-state (out-of-district):	\$395.90	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Out-of-state:	\$1,300.50	
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:		
		\$1,300,50	

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H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2015-2016 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2015-2016 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2016-2017 estimated	2015-2016 final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		Х

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3 Federal methodology (FM)

H3 Institutional methodology (IM)

Both FM and IM

X

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need- based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$22,667,257	\$221,193
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$9,739,700	\$471,530
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$37,908,824	\$13,408,991
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$5,978,948	\$3,393,489
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$76,294,729	\$17,495,203
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$58,250,858	\$30,500,327
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$1,037,198	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$1,942,507	\$1,035,424
H1	Total Self-Help	\$61,230,563	\$31,535,751
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans	\$17,071,505	\$33,619,615
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report	* 0 = 44 0= 0	*
114	them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$2,541,356	\$2,367,179
H1	Athletic Awards	\$2,619,550	\$5,848,846

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2016 cohort)	4463	22741	2090
H2	 b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid 	3876	15237	1331
H2	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	2431	11050	1002
H2	 d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid 	2225	10217	769

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	_				
H2	e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1799	7488	372
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any			
	.,	need-based self-help aid	1694	8214	635
H2	g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-	631	1216	52
		need-based scholarship or grant aid	031	1210	52
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met			
		(exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private	789	2476	196
	<u></u>	alternative loans)			
H2	I)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of			
		students who were awarded any need-based aid.			
		Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as	84.0%	79.9%	59.0%
		well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC			
		(PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative			
H2	:\	loans)			
п2	J)	The average financial aid package of those in line d .			
		Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace	\$ 10,664	\$ 11,098	\$ 6,759
		EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)			
H2	-	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of			
п2	k)	those in line e	\$ 8,107	\$ 7,663	\$ 3,196
H2	1)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS			
	.,	loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 5,396	\$ 6.827	\$ 6.323
		of those in line f	Ψ 0,000	Ψ 0,02.	Ψ 0,020
H2	m)				
	'	unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of	\$ 4.976	\$ 6,431	\$ 6,258
		those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	- 1,010	Ţ 2, .O.	7 1,200
					L

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	750	2827	87
H2A	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 5,142	\$ 4,616	\$ 3,146
H2A	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	19	174	37
H2A	 q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p 	\$ 22,190	\$ 28,975	\$ 5,971

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5.

Include: * 2016 undergraduate class: all students

who started at your institution as first-time

students and received a bachelor's degree

between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

* co-signed loans.

Exclude: * students who transferred in.

- * money borrowed at other institutions.
- * parent loans
- * students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree)

	ctaconto who are not graduate or who graduated with another degree or continuate (but no be	ionolor o aograo,
H4	Provide the number of students in the 2016 undergraduate class who started at your institution as	
	first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016.	
	Exclude students who transferred into your institution	
		3133



Н5

Н5

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Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

		Î	Average per-
			undergraduate-
		Percent of the	borrower
		class (defined	cumulative
		above) who	
	Number in the class	borrowed from	principal borrowed from
	(defined in H4 above)	the types of	the types of loans
	who borrowed from the	loans specified in	specified in the
	types of loans specified in	the first column	first column
Source/Type of Loan	the first column	(nearest 1%)	(nearest \$1)
a) Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford			
Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private			
loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both	1,699	54.00%	\$25,155
Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family			
Education Loans.			
b) Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal			
Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both	1,655	53.00%	\$21,297
Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family			
Education Loans.			
N. 66 6 11		0.000/	00
c) Institutional loan programs.	0	0.00%	\$0
d) State loan programs.	0	0.00%	\$0
e) Private student loans made by a bank or	268	8.50%	\$27,953
lender.			 ,

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

Н6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking
	nonresident aliens:

	nomeologic anone.	
Н6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X
Н6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X
H6	Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-	
based or non-need-based aid:	146

H6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking	
	nonresident aliens:	\$14,818

H6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking	
	nonresident aliens:	\$2,163,399

7 Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

H7	Institution's own financial aid form	X
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
H7	International Student's Financial Aid Application	
H7	International Student's Certification of Finances	
H7	Other (specify):	



Athletics

Job skills ROTC

H14 Leadership
H14 Minority status

Music/drama

H14 Religious affiliation H14 State/district residency

H14 H14

H14

H14

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Χ

Χ

Χ

Χ

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (free	eshman) financial aid applic	ants must subr
8	FAFSA		Χ
8	Institution's own financial aid form		X
8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE		
8	State aid form		
В	Noncustodial PROFILE		
В	Business/Farm Supplement		
8	Other (specify):	L	
9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:		
9	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:		(
9	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:		
9	No deadline for filing required forms (applications prod	essed on a rolling basis):	X
	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) stud	dents (answer a or b):	
	a) Students notified on or about (date):		
10		Yes	No
	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:	Χ 2/4	
10	If yes, starting date:	3/1	
	Indicate reply dates:		
	Students must reply by (date):		
11	or within weeks of notification.		
12	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans		X X X
	Federal Perkins Loans		X
	Federal Nursing Loans		
	State Loans		
12 12	College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):		
	Scholarships and Grants		
	NEED-BASED:	1	V
	Federal Pell		X
	SEOG		X
	State scholarships/grants Private scholarships		X
	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institution	tional funds	X
	United Negro College Fund	ional fullus	^
13	Federal Nursing Scholarship		
13	Other (specify):		
	Charle off aritaria used in quanting institutional aid Ob	sant all that apply	
14 14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Ch	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
14	Academics	X	Х
14	Alumni affiliation	Х	
14	Art	Х	
	Athletics	V	



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If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to
make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants,
or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2016. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for

I IPEDS/AALIP

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I1	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	1026	20	1046
I1	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	185	0	185
I1	c)	Total number who are women	381	4	385
I1	d)	Total number who are men	645	16	661
I1	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	24	0	24
	f)	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree			
I1			1024	20	1044
	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
I1		master's	0	0	0
I1	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	2	0	2
	i۱	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
I 1	1)	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	0	0	0
	i)	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
11	J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	0	0	0

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2016 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2016 Student to Faculty ratio	18	to 1	(based on	students
				and	faculty).

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INSTITUTIONAL RESEARCH, PLANNING AND EFFECTIVENESS

Common Data Set 2016-2017

Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2016 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2016. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

 Inda	aradi	12to	Clace	Sizo	(provid	a num	hore
 Jnaer	araa	uate	Class	Size	(brovia	e num	pers

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)									
CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total	
SECTIONS	262	683	695	344	230	304	213	2731	
CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total	

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J. DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016

J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1 Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
J1 Agriculture			5.67%	1
J1 Natural resources and conservation			2.16%	3
J1 Architecture			0.54%	4
J1 Area, ethnic, and gender studies			0.25%	5
J1 Communication/journalism			7.22%	9
J1 Communication technologies				10
J1 Computer and information sciences			2.05%	11
J1 Personal and culinary services				12
J1 Education			0.17%	13
J1 Engineering			7.61%	14
J1 Engineering technologies			1.74%	15
J1 Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			1.35%	16
J1 Family and consumer sciences			8.97%	19
J1 Law/legal studies				22
J1 English			2.20%	23
J1 Liberal arts/general studies			1.47%	24
J1 Library science				25
J1 Biological/life sciences			10.29%	26
J1 Mathematics and statistics			1.06%	27
J1 Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
J1 Interdisciplinary studies			1.60%	30
J1 Parks and recreation			7.22%	31
J1 Philosophy and religious studies			0.19%	38
J1 Theology and religious vocations				39
J1 Physical sciences			1.43%	40
J1 Science technologies				41
J1 Psychology			4.38%	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services			0.39%	43
Public administration and social services			2.16%	44
J1 Social sciences			9.11%	45
J1 Construction trades				46
J1 Mechanic and repair technologies				47
J1 Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49
J1 Visual and performing arts			4.38%	50
J1 Health professions and related programs			0.52%	51
J1 Business/marketing			14.02%	52
J1 History			1.85%	54
J1 Other				
J1 TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	

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Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

* Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

* Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

* Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

* Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.



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Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

* Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.



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Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

* Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students. High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

* Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

* Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.



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Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

* Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

* On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

* **Personal counseling**: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.



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Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

* **Religious counseling:** One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

* Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

* Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

* Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

* Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

* Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.



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* Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included. Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.